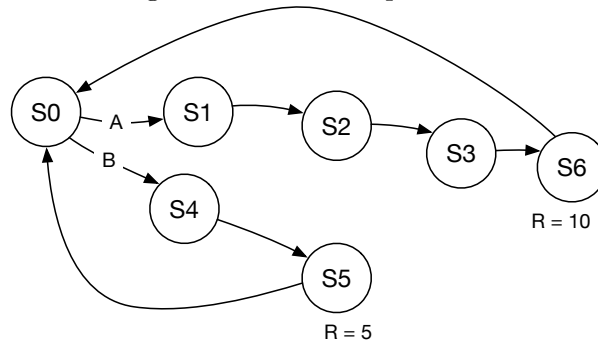


Name: _____

Murky decision problem

5. (8 points) Consider the following Markov decision process:



Assume:

- Reward is 0 in all states, except +10 in s_6 and +5 in s_5 ; the reward is received when *exiting* the state.
 - Transitions out of s_0 are deterministic, and depend on the choice of action (A or B).
- (a) Assume in this part that all transitions are deterministic, following the arrows indicated with probability 1. When horizon = 3 and discount factor $\gamma = 1$, provide values for:

i. $Q(s_0, A)$ _____

ii. $Q(s_0, B)$ _____

- (b) Still assuming that all transitions are deterministic, but letting horizon = 5 and discount factor $\gamma = 1$, provide values for:

i. $Q(s_0, A)$ _____

ii. $Q(s_0, B)$ _____

Name: _____

- (c) Now, assume that transitions out of s_0 are deterministic, but that all other transitions follow the arrows indicated with probability 0.9 and stay in the current state with probability 0.1.

For policy $\pi(s_0) = B$, write a system of equations that can be solved in order to compute $V_\pi(s_0)$ when the horizon is infinite and $\gamma = 0.8$.

Do not solve the equations!