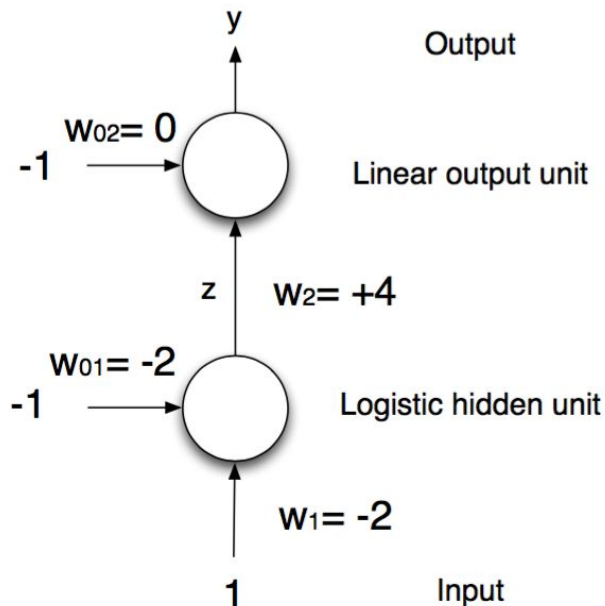


## PROBLEM 23

### 14 Backpropagation

Here you see a very small neural network: it has one input unit, one hidden unit (logistic), and one output unit (linear).



Let's consider one training case. For that training case, the input value is 1 (as shown in the diagram), and the target output value  $t = 1$ . We're using the following loss function:

$$E = \frac{1}{2}(t - y)^2$$

Please supply numeric answers; the numbers in this question have been constructed in such a way that you don't need a calculator. Show your work in case of mis-calculation in earlier steps.

- (a) What is the output of the hidden unit for this input?
- (b) What is the output of the output unit for this input?
- (c) What is the loss, for this training case?
- (d) What is the derivative of the loss with respect to  $w_2$ , for this training case?
- (e) What is the derivative of the loss with respect to  $w_1$ , for this training case?
- (f) With sigmoidal activation, the derivative with respect to  $w_1$  and  $w_2$  are

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_2} = -(t - y)z, \text{ and } \frac{\partial E}{\partial w_1} = -(t - y) \cdot w_2 \cdot z \cdot (1 - z) \cdot x.$$

Assume that we now use the rectified linear unit (ReLU) as our activation (or a *ramp* function). This means that  $z = \max(0, w_1x + w_{01})$ . What is the derivative of the loss with respect to  $w_1$  and  $w_2$  at differentiable points with ReLU? Don't use numerical value for this question.